

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Persil Non-Bio

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Persil Non-Bio Product code : 9052336

Product description : Fabric washing Liquid

Product type : liquid

Other means of identification : Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Unilever UK Limited Springfield Drive KT22 7GR Surrey, Leatherhead UNITED KINGDOM

e-mail address of person : unileversds@unileverconsumerlink.co.uk

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Not available.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Not applicable in United Kingdom and Ireland

<u>Supplier</u>

Telephone number : 0800 776646/Eire 1850 388 399

Hours of operation : .

Information limitations : Not available.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Dam./Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 H315 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

toxicity: 0 %

Ingredients of unknown

ecotoxicity

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

hazards to the aquatic environment: 0 %

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : Not classified.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

♦

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P302 IF ON SKIN:

P352 Wash with plenty of water.

P305 IF IN EYES:

P351 Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. P338 Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national

regulations.

Risk phrases : Not applicable

Hazardous ingredients : Not applicable

Supplemental label elements Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings

Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	<u>Classi</u> 67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
MEA- Dodecylbenzenesulfonate	EC: CAS: 99924-49- 9 Index:	>=10 - <20	Xn; R22 Xi; R38 Xi; R41	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	[1]

				Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
Sodium Laureth Sulfate	RRN: 01- 2119488639-16 EC:221-416-0 CAS: 68891-38- 3 Index:	>=5 - <10	Xi; R38 Xi; R41	Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
C12-15 Pareth-7	EC:500-195-7 CAS: 68131-39-5 Index:	>=7 - <10	Xn; R22 Xi; R41	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
Propylene glycol	RRN: 01- 2119456809-23 EC:200-338-0 CAS: 57-55-6 Index:	>=5 - <10	Not classified.		[2]
MEA-Etidronate	EC: CAS: 42220-47- 3 Index:	>=1 - <5	Xi; R41	Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
Aziridine homopolymer ethoxylated	EC: CAS: 68130-99- 4 Index:	>=1 - <5	Xi; R36 R38	Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315	[1]

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8. For confidentiality reasons, the levels of components listed in Section 3 are given in percentage bands. The bandings do not reflect potential variation in composition of this formulation, but are used simply to mask the exact component levels, which we consider to be proprietary information. The classification given in Section 2 and 15 reflects the exact composition of this mixture.

* exempted according to REACH Art. 2(7) and Annex V; Each starting material of the ionic mixture is registered, if required

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer

should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

- Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- **Protection of first-aiders**
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eve contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

redness irritation

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Additional information : Not available.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions Not available.Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Propylene glycol	UK. Health and Safety Commission, EH 40, Workplace exposure
	limits(1997-01-01) Notes: Where no specific short-term exposure limit
	is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used. For
	this substance the classification and labeling was introduced in the 29th
	Adaptation to Technical Progress of the European Community's
	Dangerous Substances Directive
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 474 mg/m3, 150 ppmForm: Sum of
	vapour and particulates
	UK. Health and Safety Commission, EH 40, Workplace exposure
	limits(1997-01-01) Notes: Where no specific short-term exposure limit
	is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used. For
	this substance the classification and labeling was introduced in the 29th
	Adaptation to Technical Progress of the European Community's
	Dangerous Substances Directive
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 10 mg/m3 Form: Particulate matter

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNEL/DMEL Summary

: Not available.

PNEC Summary : Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid
Colour : white
Odour : perfumed
Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : 8.3

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. **Initial boiling point and boiling** : Not available.

range

Flash point : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Density : 1.0760 g/cm3
Bulk density : Not available
Burning time : Not available.
Burning rate : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Lower: Not available.

Upper: Not available.

Vapour pressure : Not available.
Vapour density : Not available.
Relative density : Not available.
Solubility(ies) : Not available.
Solubility in water : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: 340.000 mPa.s

Kinematic: Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

SADT : Not available

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Not available **Heat of combustion** : Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage a

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
MEA-Dodecylbenzenesulfor	nate			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,080 mg/kg	-
Sodium Laureth Sulfate				
C12-15 Pareth-7				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,500 mg/kg	-
Propylene glycol				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20,800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20,800 mg/kg	-
MEA-Etidronate				
Aziridine homopolymer etho	xylated			

Conclusion/Summary

Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4,900 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propylene glycol	Not relevant	Not relevant	0		-
- F J			-		

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Causes skin irritation.

Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation., Classification based on Regulation

(EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] bridging principles

Respiratory: No inhalation irritancy studies have been performed on the mixture.

Respiratory: It is not likely to the composition as indicated in section 3, it is not likely to the composition as indicated in section 3.

Based on the composition as indicated in section 3, it is not likely that this mixture will cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: No sensitization studies have been performed on the mixture. Based

on the composition as indicated in section 3, it's not likely that the

mixture will cause sensitisation by skin contact

Respiratory : No inhalation irritancy studies have been performed on the mixture.

Based on the composition as indicated in section 3, it is not likely that this mixture will cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No additional remark.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes

of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

redness irritation

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary: Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
C12-15 Pareth-7			
	Acute EC50 1.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 1,400 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Chronic NOEC 187 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	21 d
	Chronic NOEC 83 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	21 d
Propylene glycol			
	Acute LC50 44,000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout	4 d
	Acute LC50 710,000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute LC50 34,060 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute LC50 55,770,000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	Acute EC50 1,000 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 10,000,000 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 1,000 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 110 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Chronic NOEC 660 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	2 d
	Chronic NOEC 1,000 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	2 d
	Chronic NOEC 13,020 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	2 d
LLF2/28% SR/Gbl Persil Nor	nbio UK FR 35ml		
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Harmful to aquatic life wi	th long lasting effects.	

Conclusion/Summary

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: The surfactants used in this mixture are readily biodegradable., The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Sodium Laureth Sulfate	0.3	-	low

C12-15 Pareth-7	2.03 - 6.24	-	high
Propylene glycol	-1.07	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Mobility : Mixture is highly soluble

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : P: Not available.

B: Not available. T: Not available.

vPvB : vP: Not available.

vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the

requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a

hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever

possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff

and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number				
14.2 UN proper shipping name				
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not available.
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Additional information				

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product have been trained in the event of an accident or spillage.'

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV: None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern: None of the components are listed.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Air

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water

Not determined.Not listed

: Not listed

Aerosol dispensers : Not applicable.

Seveso III Directive

National regulations

Remark : No additional remark.

International regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention

: Not listed

List Schedule II Chemicals Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals

: Listed 2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety

Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AISE = Association Internationale de la Savonnerie, de la Détergence et des Produits d'Entretien, International Association

for Soaps, Detergents and Maintenance Products'

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Evaluation method used for mixture classification Classification

based on testdata [OECD 438]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319	On basis of referenced test data
Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H315 Causes skin irritation.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302: ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412: LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 **Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318:** SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION -

Category 1

Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION -

Category 2

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Full text of abbreviated R phrases : R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R38- Irritating to skin.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

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